PATENT 5/102

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

**Applicants** 

Hacker et al.

Serial No.

Continuation of 09/370,373

Filing Date

August 10, 1999

For

HERBICIDAL COMPOSITIONS FOR TOLERANT

OR RESISTANT MAIZE CROPS

Examiner

S. Clardy

Group Art Unit

1616

745 Fifth Avenue

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New York, New York 10151

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Assistant Commissioner for Patents. Washington, DC 20231, on January 8, 2002:

Mark W. Russell, Reg. No. 37,514

Name of Applicant, Assignee or Registered Representative

Signature

January K. 2002

Date of Signature

## PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to examining the above-identified application on the merits, kindly amend

the application as follows:

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combination comprises glyphosinate ammonium and a herbicide selected from the group consisting of dicamba, atrazine, sulcotrione, bromoxynil, clopyralid, isoxaflutole, pendimethalin, alachlor, thiensulfuron-methyl, flumetsulam, tritosulfuron, and fluthiamide.

38. The herbicidal composition as claimed in claim 24 wherein the herbicidal combination comprises glyphosate-isopropylammonium and a herbicide selected from the group consisting of 2,4,D,MCPA, pyridate, dimethenamid.--

## REMARKS

This invention provides for herbicidal compositions which are useful against unwanted plants that are associated with tolerant maize crops. Applicants discovered that particular combinations of herbicides interact synergistically when they are employed to combat unwanted plant growth in tolerant maize crops. This invention further provides for the use of the inventive herbicidal combinations in combatting unwanted plant growth in fields planted with maize.

This Amendment adds 3 claims in excess of 20 and a check for \$72.00 is enclosed to cover the cost of these new claims. It is believed that no further fee is due. If, however, and additional fee is required, the Assistant Commissioner is authorized to charge said fee to Deposit Account No. 50-0320.

This Amendment cancels all the claims in favor of new claims 16 to 38. Support for these new claims is found in the claim in which they replace. Applicants have added these new claims, which recite specific compounds and avoids the use of generic terms, in response to the Requirement for an Election of Species. Applicants are making these changes in order to reach a reasonable compromise with the Examiner on the subject matter to be searched and not

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translocation. Symptoms are whitening of leaves, followed by necrosis of the meristematic tissue.

Hence, mesotrione is completely different from alloxydim in terms of its mode of action. Thus, two herbicides care not recognized in the art as equivalent. Hence, the practitioner would not be motivated to substitute mesotrione for alloxydim in the herbicidal compositions taught in:

Takematsu and the rejection does not establish a prima facie case of obviousness. Moreover,

Carter does not correct for this deficiency since Carter provides for novel benzoylcyclohexane diones and fails to teach specific synergistic mixtures of the novel benzoylcyclohexane diones with other herbicides. Thus, there is no motivation to combine the benzoylcyclohexane diones of Carter with the glyphosate disclosed in Takematsu.

Thus, in view of the foregoing, it is urged that the rejection does not establish a prima facie case of obviousness and the reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection are requested.

Favorable action is earnestly solicited.

Respectfully submitted,

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